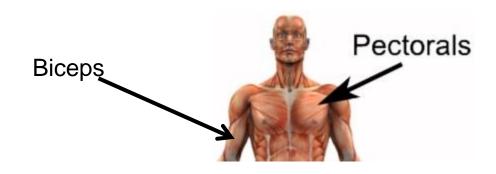
### Press-Ups

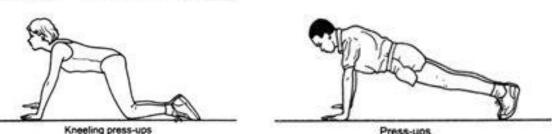
Press Ups are a body weight exercise working the chest and arms area. Otherwise known as the Pectorals, Biceps and Triceps



Difficulty 1
Kneeling Press Up







Difficulty 3
Decline Press Up



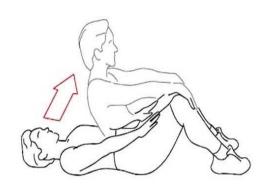
## Sit-Ups

Sit Ups are commonly performed to increase your 'Six Pack'. Otherwise known as your Abdominals or 'Abs'.



Difficulty 1
Traditional Sit Up

Difficulty 2 Leg Raised Sit Up





Difficulty 3
Bicycle Sit Up

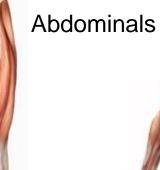


# Skipping

Skipping is an affordable exercise that requires you to use all your body. Therefore making it an excellent aerobic exercise. It use most of the muscles in your legs, arms and core. But the main muscles are the abdominals, calf (Gastrocnemius) and

Quadriceps.

Quadriceps



Gastrocnemius (Calf Muscle)



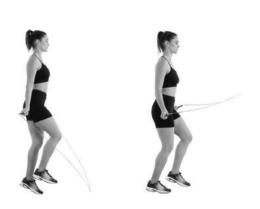
Difficulty 1 Skip – Pause – Skip



Difficulty 2
Continuous Skipping



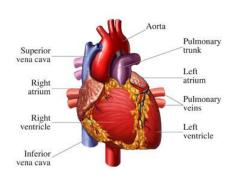
Difficulty 3
Alternate Foot Skipping



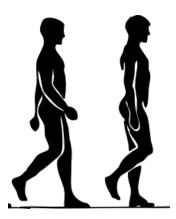
### Shuttle Runs

Shuttle runs can be used as a form of cardiovascular training to improve endurance and stamina. It uses the whole body and increases the efficiency of the heart and

lungs.



Difficulty 1
Quick Walking



Level 2 Jogging



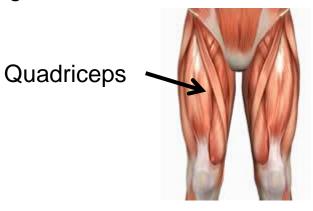
Right lung
Upper lobe
Upper lobe
Heart
Lower lobe

Difficulty 3 Running



## Step Ups

Step Ups are an affordable exercise that requires you to use all your body. Therefore making it an excellent aerobic exercise. It uses the majority of muscles in the legs and the arms. But most of the work is in the Quadriceps.



Knees Up

Light Feet

Head Up

Difficulty 2 Jogging Step Ups

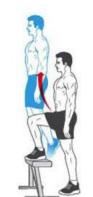
Difficulty 3 Fast Step Ups



X1

Difficulty 1

Slow Step Ups



X2 Quicker



X3 Quicker

## Tricep Dips

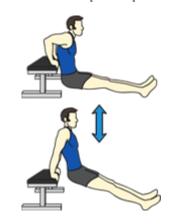
Tricep Dips focus on the upper part of the arm at the back. This exercise isolates (focuses) on the Tricep.



Difficulty 1
Floor Tricep Dips



Difficulty 2
Bench Tricep Dips



Difficulty 3
Parallel Tricep Dips



## Star Jumps

Star jumps use the muscle in the upper legs. It uses the majority of muscles in the legs.







Difficulty 1
Jump – Pause – Jump

Difficulty 2
Continuous Star Jumps

Difficulty 3 Floor Star Jump



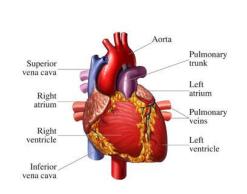






### Burpees

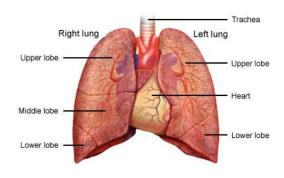
Burpees can be a difficult exercise because they use all the muscles in the body as well as being a combination of different actions.



Difficulty 1 Burpee – Stand – Burpee



Difficulty 2

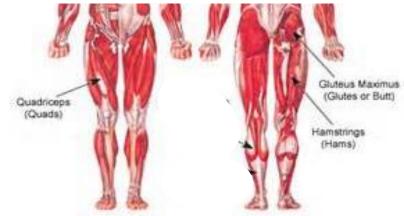


Difficulty 3 Burpee – Jump - Burpee – Star Jump - Burpee

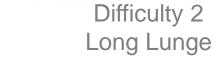


## Lunges

Lunges focus on the muscles in the lower body and particularly the Quadriceps, Hamstrings and Gluteus Maximus.



Difficulty 1 Short Lunge



Difficulty 3
Jumping Lunge







#### The Plank

The plank focus on the 'Core' muscles or the 'middle' of the body. Otherwise known as the abdominals or 'Abs'.

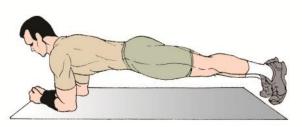


Difficulty 1 Hand Plank

Difficulty 2
Forearm Plank

Difficulty 3
1 Foot Plank

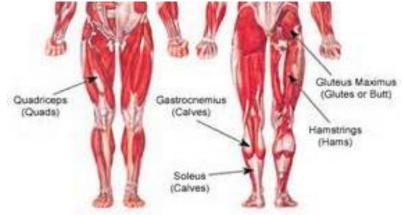






### Squats

Squats focus on the muscles in the lower body and particularly the Quadriceps and Hamstrings.



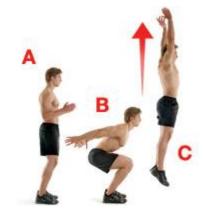
Difficulty 1
Traditional Squat

Difficulty 2
Deep Squat

Difficulty 3
Squat Jumps

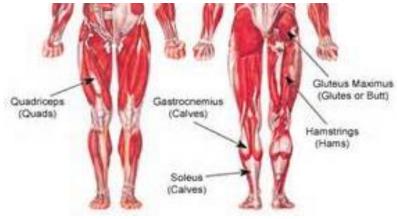






# Speed Bounce

The speed bounce focuses mainly on the lower body and core muscles for balance and control.



Difficulty 1 Sideways jump



Difficulty 2
Front to backwards jump

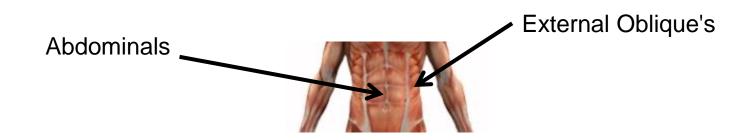


Difficulty 3
Tuck jump



#### The Side Plank

The side plank focus on the 'Core' muscles or the side of the core. Otherwise known as the external oblique's..



Difficulty 1

Difficulty 2

Difficulty 3 Forearm and Knee Plank Forearm and Foot Plank Forearm and 1 Foot Plank

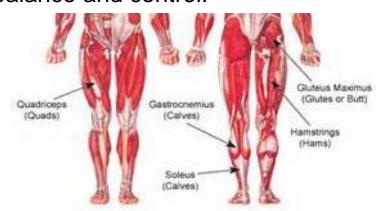


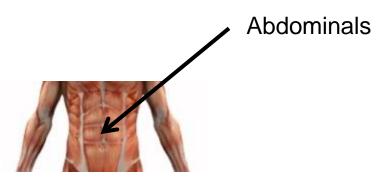




## Mountain Climber

The Mountain Climber focuses mainly on the lower body and core muscles for balance and control.



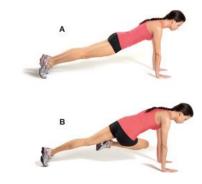


Difficulty 1
Mountain Climber

Difficulty 2
Mountain Climber Switch

Difficulty 3
Wide Mountain Climber

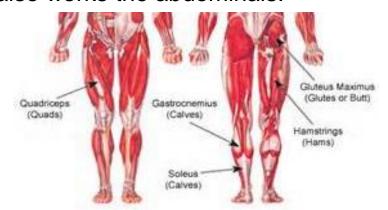


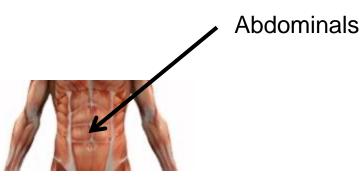




#### Wall Sit

The Wall Sit mainly focuses on the legs and in particular the quadriceps. But also works the abdominals.





Difficulty 1
Traditional Wall Sit



Difficulty 2
Wide Leg Wall Sit

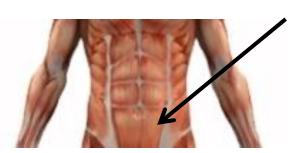


Difficulty 3
One Leg Wall Sit



## Leg Raises

Leg Raises are commonly performed to improve your lower stomach muscles. Otherwise known as your Abdominals or 'Abs'.



**Abdominals** 

Difficulty 1
Traditional Leg Raise



Difficulty 2
Arms out to the side



Difficulty 3
Arms and Legs Meet



## High Knees

High knees use the muscle in the upper legs. It uses the majority of muscles in the legs, but it can also target the stomach muscles.



Difficulty 1
Traditional High Knees



Difficulty 2
Straightening the Leg

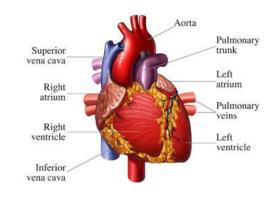


Difficulty 3 High Knee Skips



#### Scissor Kick

Scissor Kicks use the muscle in the upper legs. It uses the majority of muscles in the legs and increases the efficiency of the heart and lungs.



Difficulty 1
Traditional Scissor Kick



Quadriceps (Quads)

Gastrocnemius (Calves)

Gastrocnemius (Calves)

Hamstrings (Hams)

Difficulty 2 Into a Lunge

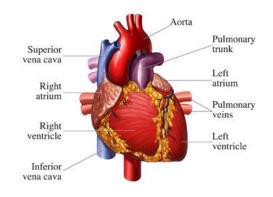


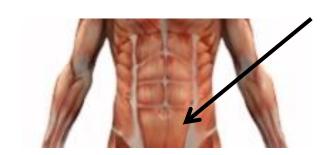
Difficulty 3 Hands on Head



## Hoola Hoop

Hoola Hooping is commonly performed to improve your stomach muscles and increases the efficiency of the heart and lungs.



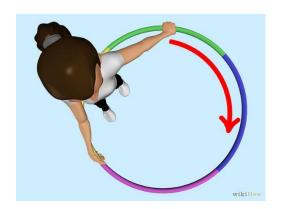


**Abdominals** 

Difficulty 1
Traditional Hoola Hoop



Difficulty 2
Change Direction

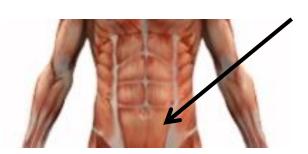


Difficulty 3 Moving Forwards



#### V-Sit

V-Sit is commonly performed to improve your stomach muscles and strengthen your core.



Abdominals

Difficulty 1 Legs Bent



Difficulty 2 Legs Straight



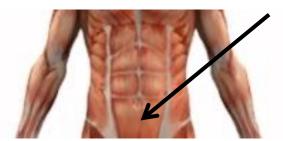
Difficulty 3
Holding a Weight



#### Medicine Ball

The medicine ball is commonly performed to improve your strength and power in your core (stomach muscles) and your upper body.

**Abdominals** 





Difficulty 1
Throw the ball (any throw)



Difficulty 2
Chest pass the ball



Difficulty 3
Shoulder pass the ball



#### Rebound Ball

This exercise is commonly performed to improve your coordination skills and reaction time. For this drill you have to throw the ball against the wall as powerful as you can and anticipate the rebound.



Difficulty 1
Chest pass



Difficulty 2 Shoulder pass



Difficulty 3
One handed catch

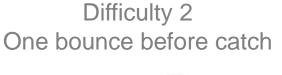


#### Reaction Ball

This exercise is commonly performed to improve your coordination skills and reaction time. For this drill you bounce the ball to your partner who will attempt to catch the ball.



Difficulty 1 2 bounces before catch



Difficulty 3
Catch with weak hand







## Plyometric Exercises

This exercise is commonly performed to improve the power of your jumps and the strength in your lower body and stomach. Plyometric: are exercises in which muscles exert maximum force in short intervals of time, with the goal of increasing power (speed-strength).

Difficulty 1
Step up



Difficulty 2
Two footed jump



Difficulty 3
Squat jump

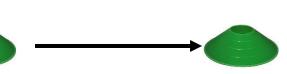


# Agility Cones

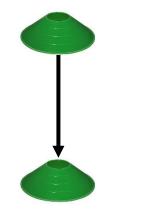
This exercise is commonly performed to improve your agility. **Agility: the ability to quickly change body position or direction of the body.** 



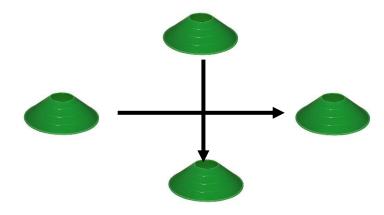
Difficulty 1
Horizontal movement



Difficulty 2
Lateral Movement



Difficulty 3
Combined Movements

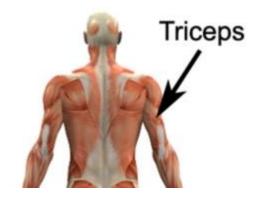


#### Medicine Ball

The medicine ball is commonly performed to improve your strength and power in your core (stomach muscles) and your upper body.



**Abdominals** 



Difficulty 1
Throw the ball (any throw)



Difficulty 2
Overhead pass the ball



Difficulty 3
Shoulder pass the ball

